Dyersburg Police Department 2016 Annual Report





An Internationally Accredited Law Enforcement Agency

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"We exist to serve the community"



A Message From The Chief

I am pleased to submit the 2016 Annual Report. 2016 was a challenging year for law enforcement all across our nation. We are very fortunate to be supported by the community that we serve. We enjoy the relationship and partnership that we have as a community working as one to make our city a safe and great place to work and live.

You will notice more detailed information in this year's report. We feel that it is important to have full transparency in all that we do serving the public. I am excited about implementing additional programs in 2016 that will enhance our efforts to build on community policing. We will continue working hard to strive for excellence through teamwork with our community. You are encouraged to visit our Facebook page; post comments and stay informed of what your police department is doing.

Lastly, I want to thank all the men and women who serve the Dyersburg Police Department. I admire the jobs that you do, and am very blessed to work with such a wonderful team.

Steven L. Isbell
Chief of Police





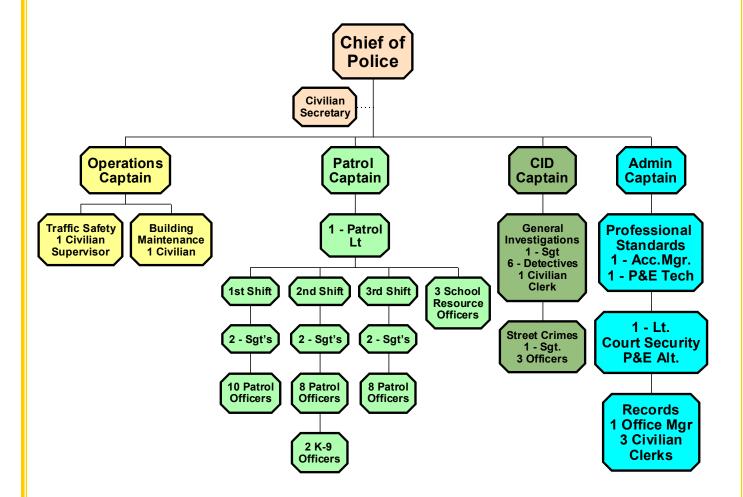




Mission Statement

The Dyersburg Police Department exists to serve the community by protecting life and property; by preventing crime; by enforcing the law; and by maintaining order for all citizens. Central to our mission are the values that guide our work and decisions and help us contribute to the quality of life in Dyersburg. Our values are characteristic of worth and are non-negotiable. Although we may need to balance them, we will never ignore them for the sake of expediency or personal preference. We hold our values constantly before us to teach and remind us and the community we serve, of our ideals. They are the foundation upon which our policies, goals and operations are built. In fulfilling our mission, we need the support of all citizens, as well as our elected representatives and city officials to provide the quality of service our values commit us to provide.

Department Organizational Chart



DPD Command Staff

Chief of Police - Steven Isbell

Captain Mark Moody—Administrative Services Commander

Captain Roger Dudley—Operations Commander

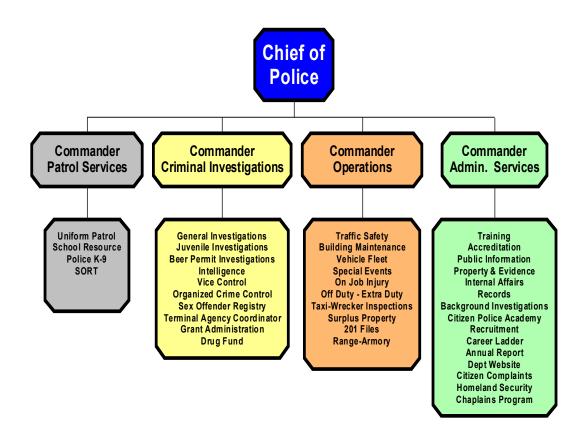
Captain Billy Williams—Criminal Investigations Commander

Captain Brett Davis—Patrol Commander

Lt. Thomas Langford—Patrol Services



Functional Responsibilites Chart



Dyersburg Police Department is 1 of only 5 agencies in West Tennessee to achieve the honor of being an Internationally Accredited Agency. Of the 18,000 + law enforcement agencies in the U.S., the Dyersburg Police Department is among the 5 percent (1,000 +) agencies that have received CALEA accreditation.

We are a full service agency that provides 24/7 coverage. Additionally the department is state accredited by (TLEAP) Tennessee Law Enforcement Accreditation Program, though the Tennessee Association of Chiefs of Police. The department currently operates on an annual budget of 5.6 million dollars along with 66 full time personnel.

2016 Traffic Related Stats

Top 5

Crash Locations In The City

- 1. 51 Bypass @ Lake Road
- 2. Lake Road @ Mall Blvd.
- 3. Mall Blvd. @ Parr Ave.
- 4. St. John @ 51 Bypass
- 5. Mall Blvd. @ Mall Loop

The Department made 54 DUI Arrests in 2016 compared to 91 in 2015.

There were 790 Crashes Investigated in 2016 compared to 832 in 2015.

There were (3) Fatal Crashes in the City in 2016 compared to (0) in 2015.

2016 Crashes By Month

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
55	60	63	74	78	64	56	62	63	66	76	73

2016 DUI Arrests By Month

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
2	1	9	6	4	3	3	5	2	5	8	6



Dyersburg Police Department Training Division Risk Management Analysis 2016

Prepared by:

Sgt. Kenneth D. Jowers

Professional Standards Unit

Use of Force Instructor

Dyersburg Police Department

Professional Standards Unit / Complaint Report—2016

External	3
/Citizen	
Complaint	
Sustained	1
Not Sustained	0
Unfounded	1
Exonerated	1
Internal	3
Internal /Directed	3
	3
/Directed	2
/Directed complaint	
/Directed complaint Sustained	2
/Directed complaint Sustained Not Sustained	2
/Directed complaint Sustained Not Sustained Unfounded	2 0 1



During the calendar year of 2016, officers of the Dyersburg Police Department responded to a total of **27,000** calls for police service.

Of these calls there were a total number of $\underline{2,539}$ arrests made. Of these arrests $\underline{2,305}$ were Adults and $\underline{234}$ were Juveniles.

When comparing this number to the 2,647 total arrests made in 2015 we have a <u>decrease of 4.25%</u>, or precisely 108 fewer total arrests for 2016.

There were a total number of <u>55</u> Use of Force incidents reported in 2016. This gives us an average of 1 Use of Force incident out of every 46 arrests made, or a total increase of 47.27%.

Of the resistant offenders arrested by the Dyersburg Police Department in 2016, 8 were juveniles and 47 were adults.

A close analysis of Use of Force Incidents in 2016 indicates the following:

Physical Force:

Use of physical force (soft hand, hard hand, impact weapon) related to the total number of use of force incidents increased by 18.6% in 2016. It has been observed that more officers are beginning to go "hands on" with resistant subjects due to the increase in soft hand controls. This points to the fact that officers are making sound, ethical use of force judgements while using force fairly & quickly to maintain control of situations and subjects without having to substantially increase their level of force applied. Ongoing training is the key to our successes.

As a result of all physical force utilized by members of the Department in 2016, there exists only one incident that caused an injury to a suspect from soft hand force. This injury occurred during a leg sweep/arm bar takedown and resulted in two superficial cuts to the face and a contusion on the suspects head. Once the suspect was secured, officers summoned EMS to the scene. EMS evaluated this person and determined that he did not require medical services.

Defensive Impact Weapon

There have been no reported instances where the Asp Baton has been used to subdue a resistant suspect.

Taser CEW (Conducted Energy Weapon):

The use of the Taser X26 CEW has decreased by 87.5% in 2016. There were a total of 8 Taser CEW deployments in 2016 compared to the 15 deployments in 2015.

Of the 8 Taser Deployments in 2016, all were reported as having been an effective deployment. There have been 3 reported injuries to suspects as a result of deploying the Taser CEW. Of the injuries reported only one was of a serious nature due to head trauma after falling down while under power from the Taser CEW. This incident could have very easily resulted in the death of the suspect, who was armed and attempting to draw the weapon on an officer before being shot with the Taser and effectively ending the threat without loss of life. The two remaining reported injuries resulted from EMS protocols having been followed during every deployment and EMS recommending one suspect being transported due to an elevated heart rate, and the other due to the location of the probes requiring a physician to remove them at the Emergency Room.

There were 2 reported Taser CEW deployments in which officers energized the suspect twice. The maximum number of times energized did not exceed two (2) times. In all instances, officers are utilizing their force options while escalating and de-escalating their force options appropriately. During recertifications on the Taser X26 CEW in 2016 the observations of poor targeting were once again discussed, and alternative targeting was discussed and demonstrated.

Overall, officers have made excellent force decisions when the Taser has been applied, and are not subject to over-reliance on this force option.

Pursuits:

In 2016 there were 16 instances where a suspect evaded arrest in a motor vehicle. Of these there were two pursuits reported. One of these pursuits was initiated for a misdemeanor offense by an investigative officer and joined by a member of patrol. It lasted for a period of 2 minutes, involving one unmarked investigative unit and one marked patrol unit, and resulted in the apprehension of the suspect. At the initial onset of flight by the suspect, his vehicle struck the investigative officers unmarked unit. This pursuit was concluded before the supervisor could order that it be terminated, and both the investigative officer and the patrol officer were issued disciplinary actions for violation of the policy.

The second pursuit was for a violent felony – aggravated robbery – and within the guidelines of Department policy. It involved two marked patrol units that were responding to assist in the call. This pursuit ended within one minute and resulted in the apprehension of two suspects. There were no crashes or property damage due to this pursuit.

There have been no further pursuits within the city, and officers whom have had suspects evade in a motor vehicle are accurately choosing not to pursue of their own accord without supervisor input. This continues to demonstrate the effectiveness of our policy that only allows violent, felony pursuits.

Chemical Agent:

2016 saw a 41.67% increase in the use of chemical agents. There were no injuries to suspects as a direct use of the chemical agent. The 12 times that the chemical agent was utilized as a force option officers were able to decontaminate all of the suspects either on scene, or upon arrival at the correctional facility.

There were no reported instances of the chemical agent being ineffective. There was only one instance of 3rd party contamination (an officer).

As a result of these numbers, and receiving input from line officers (end users) of the currently issued chemical agent (Freeze +P), all are pleased with the product and performance in the field. It is recommended that we stay with this product for the long term. A 100% success rate with this product supports this recommendation.

Weapons:

There has been only one instance in which a duty weapon was fired in the line of duty during the year 2016. This sole occurrence was due to an attacking animal, and the officer fired their weapon in self-defense. Both shots fired struck the animal. This relates to an overall accuracy ratio of 100%. This is above average for officer involved shootings.



<u>Tables</u>

Table 1 Use of Physical Force

Soft	Hord	Impost	Tanar VOC
			Taser X26
папи	папи	weapon	ECD
			200
			8
42	1	0	
			Effective
			8
			Ineffective
			menective
			0
0	0.65		
Suspect	Oπicer		
4	3		
2	1		
3	1		
0	0		
•			
	Soft Hand 42 Suspect 4 3	Hand Hand 42 1 Suspect Officer 4 3 3 1	Hand Hand Weapon 42 1 0 Suspect Officer 4 3 3 1



Table 2 Pursuits

Total Pursuits : 1		
Reason Initiated	Misdemeanor -	Felony -
	1	1
Pursuits resulting	1	0
in MVA		
DPD units in-	1	0
volved in MVA		
Suspect Injuries	0	0
from MVA		
Officer Injuries	0	0
from MVA		
3 rd Party Injuries	0	0
Average Duration	2 minutes	1minute
of Pursuit		
Apprehensions	1	1
Escapes	0	0



Table 3 Chemical Agents Use

Total Reports	12
Effective	12
Ineffective	0
Decontaminations	12
3rd Party Contaminations	1
Injury to Suspect	0
1	

Table 4 Weapons Use

Total Reports	1
Suspects with Weapon	
	0
Discharges	2
Injuries to Suspects	1 animal
Injuries to Officers	0
Injuries to 3rd Parties	0
Deaths	1 animal

Demographic Data of Use of Force Encounters:

Listed below are the results of the 2016 Demographic Data for Use of Force Encounters with Resistant Subjects:

White Males (35% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category decreased from the total of 33 in 2015 to a total of 19 in 2016. This is a decrease of 73.68%.

Black Males (25% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category decreased from 19 in 2015 to 14 in 2016. This is a decrease of 35.71%.

White Females (15% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category remained the same from 8 in 2015 to 8 in 2016. There has been no change.

Black Females (5.5% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category decreased from 5 in 2015 to 3 in 2016. This is a decrease of 66.67%.

White Male Juvenile (5.5% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category increased from the total of 2 in 2015 to a total or 3 in 2016. This is an increase of 33.33%.

Black Male Juvenile (2% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category decreased from the total of 7 in 2015 to a total or 1 in 2016. This is a decrease of 600%.

White Female Juvenile (4% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category remained the exact same from the total of 2 in 2015 to a total of 2 in 2016. There has been no change.

Black Female Juvenile (4% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category increased from the total of 3 in 2015 to a total or 2 in 2016. This is a decrease of 50%.

Hispanic Male (2% of Use of Force Incidents):

Resistant subjects for this category remained the exact same from the total of 1 in 2015 to a total of 1 in 2016. There has been no change.

Animals (2% of Use of Force Incidents):

1 attacking dog was shot with the officers' sidearm during 2016.

There have been no resistant subjects in any other demographic form.

Citizens' complaints for a Use of Force Incident were zero for 2016.

There have been no Internal Affairs investigations initiated due to any Use of Force Incident.

See Tables 5 & 6 for a Numeric Breakdown of the Demographic Categories.

Table 5 Suspect Race and Gender - Adult

	Male	Female	Other	Unknown
White	19	8		
Black	14	3		
Hispanic	1	0		
Asian	1	0		
Other	0	0		
	Dog	Other		
Animals	1			

Table 6 Suspect Race and Gender - Juvenile

	Male	Female	Other	Unknown
White	3	2		
Black	1	2		
Hispanic	0	0		
Asian	0	0		
Other	0	0		





Table 7 Traffic Stop & Field Interview Demographic Data Forms

2016 TOTALS3,238

AGE

Under 18	122
18-25	865
26-35	
35-45	634
46-60	574
61-70	138
Over 70	38

GENDER

Males	1852
Females	1385
Other	1

RACE

White	2,245
Black	
Hispanic	69
American Indian	
Asian	5
Other	15



In conclusion I have found that the officers of the Dyersburg Police Department, as a whole, operate in a professional and ethical manner as it relates to use of force incidents and all field contacts.

The extensive time invested with newly hired officers in the high liability areas of firearms, use of force, traffic stop, and officer survival continues to pay huge dividends to our department. Officers are trained to attempt to diffuse situations when possible. When that is not possible the officers of the Dyersburg Police Department are taught to follow constitutional law as it regards to the 4th amendment of the United States Constitution. For Recruit Officers, this is followed by a reinforcement in these areas during the Field Training and Evaluation Program by the Field Training Officers, and then continued training at the Tennessee Law Enforcement Training Academy. All officers of the Dyersburg Police Department complete annual in-service training featuring these high liability areas as cornerstones of our officers' continuing education.

It is recommended that ongoing training in Officer Survival Tactics, Emergency Vehicle Operations, Firearms, De-Escalation Tactics, and Use of Force continue to take precedent over other areas as these are the most dangerous and litigious areas that are faced by our officers. It is further recommended that a strong emphasis should be placed on General Order 3-12 Emergency Vehicle Operations due to the second year wherein this policy has been violated by a member of the department. Education on the policy should overcome some of the errors that have been made. Scenario training using simulators or simulation equipment should be increased as well as to continue ongoing training in the aforementioned areas.

Respectfully,

Sgt. Kenneth D. Jowers

Professional Standards Unit/Use of Force Instructor

Dyersburg Police Department

		16,781		0.00			ete
2015 Population Estimate			TIBRS Group A Offenses	Offenses Reported Cleared		Arrests Adult Juvenile	
Offense Overview				Мерение			
Offense Total		2,933	Crimes Against Persons Murder	2		2	
		-	Negligent Manslaughter	0	6	0	
Number Cleared		1,078	Negligent Vehicular Manslaughter	0	o	0	
Percent Cleared		36.75 %	Kidnapping/Abduction	11	7	3	
Froup A Crimes per 100,000		17,478.1	Forcible Rape	6	1	1	
pulation			Forcible Sodomy	0	0	0	
			Sexual Assault W/Object Forcible Fondling	17	0	0 2	
rrest Overview			Incest	1	1	1	
Total Arrests		1,775	Statutory Rape	3	2	2	
Adult Arrests		1,599	Aggravated Assault	209	114	74	
Juvenile Arrests		176	Simple Assault	570	253	176	
			Intimidation	110	14	13	
Unknown Age		0	Stalking	14	3	2	
marte par 100 000 populatio		10,577.4	Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	
rrests per 100,000 populatio	on	10,577.4	Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	
verage number offenses/inc	ident	1.16	Crimes Against Property				
			Arson	9	1	2	
omestic Violence Victims			Bribery Burglary	258	31	0 26	
ffense	Reported	Cleared	Counterfeiting/Forgery	39	18	8	
urder		0	Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	262	43	16	
gravated Assault	80	64	Embezziement	8	3	3	
mple Assault	313	193	Extortion/Blackmail	0	0	0	
timidation	40	10	Fraud - Computer Hacking/Invasion	0	0	0	
	1 ~		Fraud - Credit Card/ATM	38	8	6	
alking	"	0	Fraud - False Pretenses	71	9	5	
orcible Rape	-	1	Fraud - Identity Theft Fraud - Impersonation	33	20	9	
orcible Sodomy	0	0	Fraud - Welfare	0	20	0	
exual Assault W/Object	0	0	Fraud - Wire	0		0	
orcible Fondling	7	1	Motor Vehicle Theft	38	10	7	
oest	1	1	Robbery	21	9	10	
tatutory Rape	2	2	Stolen Property Offenses	1	1	1	
dnapping/Abduction	11	7	Theft - Pocket-picking	1	O	0	
otal	456	279	Theft - Purse Snatching	3	1	1	
			Theft - Shoplifting	267	163	168	
IBRS Group B Arrests			Theft From Building Theft From Coin Machine	138	16	13	
ffense	Adult	Juvenile	Theft From Motor Vehicle	156	7	3	
	- Audit	Averte	Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	32	a	0	
d Checks	4	0	Theft - All Other Larceny	233	29	25	
urfew/Vagrancy	0	6	Crimes Against Society				
sorderly Conduct	24	25	Animal Cruelty	0	0	0	
UI	51	0	Drug/Narcotic Violations	223	185	152	
runkenness	98	0	Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violations	111	102	70	
smily-Non Violent	0	0	Gambling - Betting/Wagering	0	O	0	
quor Law Violations	12	3	Gambling - Operating/Promoting	0	0	0	
eeping Tom	0	0	Gambling - Equipment Violations	0	o	0	
respass	32	6	Gambling - Sports Tampering Pornography/Obscene Material	0	9	0	
II Other Offenses	562	53	Prostitution	6		0	
otal Group B	783	93	Prostitution Assisting/Promoting	0	a	0	
			Purchasing Prostitution	0	0	0	
			Weapon Law Violations	1	1 7	- 1	

^{**} Of the total 2,539 arrests made by Dyersburg Police in 2016, the TBI only shows 1,775 total arrests. It should be noted that the TBI does not report certain violations of the law such as Driving on Revoked & Suspended License and Violation of Probation. The DPD made 704 arrests for these charges which accounts for all but 70 of the differences in numbers. The remaining difference is for minor violations of the law that TBI does not classify as arrests. **

Total Group A Offenses